

Early Spring (April)

- Test your soil.
- If tests indicates, add compost, lime and other soil amendments.
- Start new compost bin/pile.
- Remove leaves and add to compost bin.
- Apply corn gluten for crabgrass control. Do not apply at same time as seeding.

Late Spring (May-June)

- Rake to remove thatch build-up
- Re-seed bare patches and topdress with ½" compost
- Sharpen mower blade if needed and reset height to 3 inches
 - Leave clippings on the lawn
- Apply compost tea
 - Pull weeds by hand or treat with white vinegar

- Plant native, drought-tolerant
- plants
- Mulch gardens
- Top-dress lawn with ½" compost
 Aerate and water compost pile
 Before Memorial Day, no need to
 water in average years
 After Memorial Day, conduct
 Walk Test and water if thirsty



Summer (Fuly - August)

Fall (September - October)

Fall is the best time to start or renovate a lawn!

- Allow grass to go dormant during dry summer days
- Aerate and water compost pile
- If grubs, treat with beneficial nematodes
- Routinely conduct Walk Test and water if thirsty (but obey
- watering bans)
 Continue to pull weeds of treat
 with white vinegar
- Sharpen mower blades and keep height to 3 inches
 - Leave clippings on the lawn

 Apply corn gluten to control next
 year's crabgrass (do not apply at
 same time as seeding)
- Overseed with drought-tolerant grass seed (includes mostly tall fescue seeds)
- Do last mowing of the season at 2" height

- or renovate a lawn!
- Top-dress lawn with ½" compost
 Aerate compacted areas
- Rake leaves; use as mulch and/or add to compost

Until Labor Day, conduct Walk Test and water if thirsty (obey watering bans)

After Labor Day, no need to water in average years